

STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM		
Name of the module/subject Physics		Code 1010134211010410007
Field of study Environmental Engineering Extramural First-	Profile of study (general academic, practical) (brak)	Year /Semester 1 / 1
Elective path/specialty -	Subject offered in: Polish	Course (compulsory, elective) obligatory
Cycle of study: First-cycle studies	Form of study (full-time, part-time) part-time	
No. of hours Lecture: 16 Classes: 14 Laboratory: - Project/seminars: -		No. of credits 4
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (brak)		(university-wide, from another field) (brak)
Education areas and fields of science and art		ECTS distribution (number and %)
Responsible for subject / lecturer: Prof. dr hab. Grażyna Białek-Bylka email: grazyna.bialek-bylka@put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665-31-85 Faculty of Technical Physics ul. Piotrowo 3 60-965 Poznań		Responsible for subject / lecturer: Prof. dr hab. Grażyna Białek-Bylka email: grazyna.bialek-bylka@put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665-31-85 Faculty of Technical Physics ul. Piotrowo 3 60-965 Poznań
Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:		
1	Knowledge	Basic knowledge in physics and mathematics (basic level of elementary and secondary school)
2	Skills	Skills in solving of elementary problems of physics on the basis of personal knowledge and information from known sources
3	Social competencies	Understanding of the necessity of the broadening of the self -competence and readiness to cooperate in group
Assumptions and objectives of the course: As a result of teaching general physics course at the University of Technology one ought expect good background in physics as outcome giving a base for the logical presentation and understanding technical problems.		
Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study		
Knowledge: 1. give definitions of the basic physical formulas and examples of their application - [[K_ W02]] 2. explain the basic physical laws and explain conditions for their application - [[K_ W02]] 3. explain the goal and the significance of the models in the explanation of the physical phenomenons - [[K_ W02]]		
Skills: 1. apply the basic physical laws and simple models in the solving of the uncomplicated problems - [K_U01] 2. use the literature and also other sources of knowledge - [K_U05]		
Social competencies: 1. actively take part in the solving problems and is independent and capable to extend self-competences - [K_K01] 2. responsible collaborate in the team - [K_K03] 3. behave according to the ethic roles - [K_K02]		
Assessment methods of study outcomes		
Written examination and test: pass 50.1%-70.0%, good 70.1%-90.0%, very good from 90.1% Classes activity evaluation: moderation engagement of student in the problem solving and student is very interested in the results of calculation		
Course description		

<p>Mechanics: kinetics and dynamics, the law of conservation of energy, gravitational potential energy and escape velocity, power, stable and unstable equilibrium, linear momentum and collisions (momentum and its relation to force, conservation of momentum, elastic and inelastic collisions, centre of mass), rotational motion (rotational dynamics, angular momentum and its conservation, rotational kinetics energy).</p> <p>Electricity and magnetism: electric charge & charge conservation, insulators and conductors, Coulomb's law, the electric field (point charge, dipole), motion of a charge particle in an electric and magnetic field, Gauss law and its application, electric potential, capacitance and resistance, circuits.</p> <p>Wave optics: wave nature of light and wave-matter interactions (reflection and refraction, interference, diffraction, polarization),</p> <p>Quantum optics: photon theory of light and the photoelectric effect, wave-particle duality, wave nature of matter and de Broglie's hypothesis, laser.</p> <p>Theory of relativity: relativity of time intervals and length (time dilatation and the twin paradox, length contraction), Newtonian mechanics and relativity (four-dimensional space-time, Galilean and Lorentz transformations, relativistic mass, energy and mass).</p>		
Basic bibliography:		
Additional bibliography:		
Result of average student's workload		
Activity	Time (working hours)	
1. Share in the lectures	15	
2. Share in the classes	15	
3. Preparation for classes	42	
4. Preparation for test	26	
5. Consultations	2	
6. Preparation for examination	32	
7. Examination	3	
Student's workload		
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	135	4
Contact hours	36	1
Practical activities	0	0